

## 5-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl 2-methoxybenzoate hemihydrate

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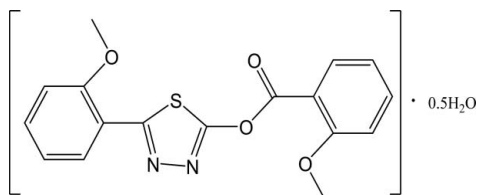
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.063;  $wR$  factor = 0.176; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.4.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}\cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , the molecule, with the exception of the two methoxyphenyl groups, is nearly planar with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.0305 Å. The two 2-methoxyphenyl rings make dihedral angles of 4.1 (3) and 2.3 (3)° with the thiadiazole ring. In the crystal, intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules.

### Related literature

For general background to 1,3,4-thiadiazole derivatives, see: Matysiak & Opolski (2006). Alireza *et al.* (2005). Wang *et al.* (1999). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For the synthesis, see: Kurzer (1971).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}\cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 
 $M_r = 356.37$ 

 Monoclinic,  $C2/c$ 
 $a = 29.858$  (6) Å

 $b = 14.542$  (3) Å

 $c = 7.6710$  (15) Å

 $\beta = 95.19$  (3)°

 $V = 3317.1$  (12) Å<sup>3</sup>
 $Z = 8$ 

 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 0.22$  mm<sup>-1</sup>
 $T = 293$  K

 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$  mm

#### Data collection

 Enraf–Nonius CAD-4  
 diffractometer  
 Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan  
 (North *et al.*, 1968)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.936$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.978$   
 3108 measured reflections

 3050 independent reflections  
 1881 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$   
 3 standard reflections every 200  
 reflections  
 intensity decay: 1%

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.176$   
 $S = 1.00$   
 3050 reflections  
 228 parameters

 H atoms treated by a mixture of  
 independent and constrained  
 refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.41$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.28$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>
**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1W}\cdots\text{N2}^{\text{i}}$	1.05 (9)	1.81 (9)	2.821 (4)	159 (7)
$\text{C11}-\text{H11}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.50	3.324 (4)	148

 Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y, z - 1$ ; (ii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 3$ .

Data collection: *CAD-4 EXPRESS* (Enraf–Nonius, 1994); cell refinement: *CAD-4 EXPRESS*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2283).

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**supplementary materials**

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## 5-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl 2-methoxybenzoate hemihydrate

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### Comment

1,3,4-Thiadiazole derivatives are of great interest because of their chemical and pharmaceutical properties. Some derivatives play a key role in preparing intermediate for anticarcinogen. Recently new derivatives with 1,3,4-thiadiazole nucleus have been synthesized and evaluated for their antiproliferative effect *in vitro* against the cells of various human tumor cell lines (Matysiak & Opolski, 2006). Some derivatives have effective antibacterial activity. They are of great potential value for killing bacteria (Alireza *et al.* 2005). In addition, this kind of compounds are known to exhibit diverse biological effects, such as insecticidal activity (Wang *et al.* 1999).

Herein we report on the crystal structure of the titled compound, (I). The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1. The bond lengths (Allen *et al.* 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. In this structure, there are three rings, ring A (C1/C2/C3/C4/C5/C6), ring B (N1/C7/S/C8/N2) and ring C (C10/C11/C12/C13/C14/C15), all of which are almost planar. Ring B(N1/C7/S/C8/N2) is a planar five-membered ring and the mean deviation from plane is 0.0020 Å. The dihedral angle between ring A and ring B is 4.1 (3)°, ring B and ring C is 2.3 (3)°. In the crystal structure, intermolecular C11—H11···O3 and O1W—H1W···N2 hydrogen bonds (Table 1.) link the molecules to form network structure (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective for the stabilization of the structure.

### Experimental

3-Methoxy-phthalic anhydride(8 mmol) and 2-(2-methoxyphenyl)-5-hydroxy-1,3,4-thiadiazol(8 mmol) were added in ethanol(50 ml) (Kurzer, 1971). The mixture was refluxed for 5 h. Reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) with visualization by ultraviolet light and then the solvent was totally evaporated. Then the white power was obtained. The solid was recrystallized from tetrahydrofuran to give the compound (I) (m.p. 520 K). Crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of a mixed solution of chloroform and tetrahydrofuran.

### Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically, with C—H = 0.96 and 0.93 Å for methyl and aromatic H atoms, respectively and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ , where  $x = 1.5$  for methyl H atoms and  $x = 1.2$  for all other H atoms.

### Figures

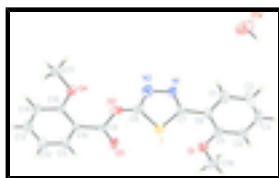


Fig. 1. A view of the molecular structure of (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

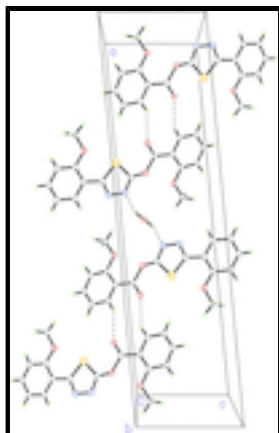


Fig. 2. A packing diagram for (I). Dashed lines indicate intermolecular C—H...O and O—H...N hydrogen bonds.

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#### Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{14}N_2O_4S \cdot 0.5H_2O$

$M_r = 356.37$

Monoclinic,  $C2/c$

Hall symbol:  $-C 2yc$

$a = 29.858$  (6) Å

$b = 14.542$  (3) Å

$c = 7.6710$  (15) Å

$\beta = 95.19$  (3)°

$V = 3317.1$  (12) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1464$

$D_x = 1.407$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Melting point: 520 K

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 9\text{--}13^\circ$

$\mu = 0.22$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 293$  K

Block, colorless

$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$  mm

#### Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
graphite

$\omega/2\theta$  scans

Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan  
(North *et al.*, 1968)

$T_{\min} = 0.936$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.978$

3108 measured reflections

3050 independent reflections

1881 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.4^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 1.4^\circ$

$h = 0 \rightarrow 35$

$k = 0 \rightarrow 17$

$l = -9 \rightarrow 9$

3 standard reflections every 200 reflections

intensity decay: 1%

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

$wR(F^2) = 0.176$

$S = 1.00$

3050 reflections

228 parameters

0 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.098P)^2]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.41 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.28 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.05152 (13)	0.3419 (3)	0.6081 (4)	0.0711 (11)
H1	0.0270	0.3110	0.6471	0.085*
C2	0.04737 (17)	0.3882 (4)	0.4474 (5)	0.0932 (16)
H2	0.0195	0.3907	0.3827	0.112*
C3	0.08311 (19)	0.4293 (3)	0.3852 (5)	0.0898 (14)
H3	0.0800	0.4570	0.2755	0.108*
C4	0.12303 (15)	0.4305 (3)	0.4795 (4)	0.0698 (11)
H4	0.1472	0.4607	0.4363	0.084*
C5	0.12879 (12)	0.3875 (2)	0.6401 (4)	0.0525 (9)
C6	0.09271 (11)	0.3426 (2)	0.7089 (4)	0.0490 (8)
C7	0.09536 (10)	0.2968 (2)	0.8806 (4)	0.0441 (7)
C8	0.10712 (11)	0.2309 (3)	1.1613 (5)	0.0540 (9)
C9	0.16054 (10)	0.2020 (2)	1.4126 (4)	0.0438 (7)
C10	0.16644 (9)	0.1570 (2)	1.5889 (3)	0.0385 (7)
C11	0.20815 (11)	0.1655 (2)	1.6793 (4)	0.0527 (8)
H11	0.2302	0.1989	1.6288	0.063*
C12	0.21841 (13)	0.1272 (3)	1.8389 (5)	0.0630 (10)
H12	0.2469	0.1350	1.8966	0.076*
C13	0.18718 (14)	0.0778 (3)	1.9137 (5)	0.0707 (11)
H13	0.1945	0.0503	2.0220	0.085*
C14	0.14490 (13)	0.0674 (2)	1.8324 (4)	0.0597 (10)
H14	0.1235	0.0336	1.8861	0.072*
C15	0.13365 (10)	0.1075 (2)	1.6690 (4)	0.0419 (7)
C16	0.20649 (14)	0.4248 (3)	0.6754 (6)	0.1006 (16)
H16A	0.2114	0.3935	0.5687	0.151*

## supplementary materials

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H16B	0.2323	0.4173	0.7582	0.151*
H16C	0.2017	0.4891	0.6517	0.151*
C17	0.05776 (12)	0.0530 (3)	1.6602 (5)	0.0806 (13)
H17A	0.0673	-0.0086	1.6895	0.121*
H17B	0.0310	0.0510	1.5811	0.121*
H17C	0.0517	0.0851	1.7649	0.121*
N1	0.06100 (9)	0.2548 (2)	0.9303 (3)	0.0558 (8)
N2	0.06703 (10)	0.2169 (2)	1.0882 (4)	0.0720 (9)
O1	0.16829 (8)	0.38751 (17)	0.7453 (3)	0.0615 (7)
O2	0.11766 (6)	0.19761 (15)	1.3039 (3)	0.0518 (6)
O3	0.19112 (7)	0.24147 (19)	1.3498 (3)	0.0691 (8)
O4	0.09264 (7)	0.10003 (17)	1.5783 (3)	0.0561 (6)
S	0.14064 (3)	0.29401 (7)	1.03358 (11)	0.0554 (3)
O1W	0.0000	0.1206 (3)	0.2500	0.1159 (19)
H1W	0.019 (3)	0.159 (6)	0.167 (12)	0.40 (7)*

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.073 (3)	0.091 (3)	0.048 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.0013 (19)	0.009 (2)
C2	0.102 (4)	0.126 (4)	0.048 (2)	0.029 (3)	-0.017 (2)	0.006 (3)
C3	0.134 (4)	0.093 (4)	0.043 (2)	0.019 (3)	0.009 (3)	0.021 (2)
C4	0.120 (3)	0.055 (2)	0.0386 (19)	-0.004 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0050 (17)
C5	0.077 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.0388 (17)	-0.0061 (17)	0.0212 (17)	0.0022 (15)
C6	0.058 (2)	0.058 (2)	0.0316 (15)	-0.0035 (16)	0.0110 (14)	0.0026 (15)
C7	0.0462 (17)	0.0501 (19)	0.0380 (16)	-0.0056 (15)	0.0142 (13)	0.0003 (14)
C8	0.0469 (19)	0.061 (2)	0.056 (2)	-0.0099 (17)	0.0134 (16)	-0.0026 (18)
C9	0.0421 (16)	0.0516 (19)	0.0399 (16)	-0.0055 (15)	0.0158 (13)	0.0057 (15)
C10	0.0419 (16)	0.0449 (18)	0.0302 (14)	-0.0043 (14)	0.0117 (12)	0.0022 (13)
C11	0.0518 (19)	0.063 (2)	0.0444 (18)	0.0056 (17)	0.0107 (15)	0.0064 (16)
C12	0.060 (2)	0.075 (3)	0.053 (2)	0.014 (2)	-0.0012 (18)	0.0072 (19)
C13	0.094 (3)	0.069 (3)	0.048 (2)	0.013 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.0129 (19)
C14	0.087 (3)	0.052 (2)	0.0433 (18)	-0.007 (2)	0.0264 (19)	0.0063 (16)
C15	0.0541 (17)	0.0398 (17)	0.0337 (15)	0.0006 (15)	0.0149 (14)	-0.0012 (13)
C16	0.099 (3)	0.110 (4)	0.100 (3)	-0.052 (3)	0.049 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C17	0.071 (2)	0.099 (3)	0.077 (3)	-0.038 (2)	0.031 (2)	-0.006 (2)
N1	0.0557 (17)	0.074 (2)	0.0391 (15)	-0.0111 (15)	0.0085 (13)	0.0099 (14)
N2	0.068 (2)	0.090 (3)	0.0583 (19)	-0.0133 (19)	0.0061 (16)	0.0060 (18)
O1	0.0687 (16)	0.0657 (17)	0.0538 (14)	-0.0200 (13)	0.0250 (13)	0.0021 (12)
O2	0.0355 (11)	0.0463 (13)	0.0756 (16)	-0.0102 (10)	0.0167 (11)	-0.0032 (12)
O3	0.0611 (15)	0.100 (2)	0.0479 (14)	-0.0212 (14)	0.0167 (11)	0.0271 (13)
O4	0.0523 (13)	0.0682 (16)	0.0502 (13)	-0.0190 (12)	0.0183 (11)	0.0020 (11)
S	0.0537 (5)	0.0621 (6)	0.0523 (5)	-0.0108 (4)	0.0158 (4)	0.0026 (4)
O1W	0.083 (3)	0.086 (3)	0.187 (6)	0.000	0.060 (3)	0.000

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

C1—C6	1.392 (5)	C10—C15	1.401 (4)
C1—C2	1.401 (5)	C11—C12	1.355 (4)

C1—H1	0.9300	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—C3	1.347 (6)	C12—C13	1.346 (5)
C2—H2	0.9300	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—C4	1.338 (5)	C13—C14	1.365 (5)
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C4—C5	1.378 (5)	C14—C15	1.396 (4)
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—O1	1.367 (4)	C15—O4	1.357 (4)
C5—C6	1.403 (4)	C16—O1	1.412 (4)
C6—C7	1.472 (4)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C7—N1	1.282 (4)	C16—H16B	0.9600
C7—S	1.709 (3)	C16—H16C	0.9600
C8—O2	1.212 (4)	C17—O4	1.437 (4)
C8—N2	1.291 (4)	C17—H17A	0.9600
C8—S	1.726 (4)	C17—H17B	0.9600
C9—O3	1.214 (3)	C17—H17C	0.9600
C9—O2	1.465 (4)	N1—N2	1.328 (4)
C9—C10	1.499 (4)	O1W—H1W	1.05 (8)
C10—C11	1.375 (4)		
C6—C1—C2	119.2 (4)	C10—C11—H11	118.7
C6—C1—H1	120.4	C13—C12—C11	119.7 (4)
C2—C1—H1	120.4	C13—C12—H12	120.1
C3—C2—C1	121.0 (4)	C11—C12—H12	120.1
C3—C2—H2	119.5	C12—C13—C14	120.8 (3)
C1—C2—H2	119.5	C12—C13—H13	119.6
C4—C3—C2	120.7 (4)	C14—C13—H13	119.6
C4—C3—H3	119.7	C13—C14—C15	120.1 (3)
C2—C3—H3	119.7	C13—C14—H14	119.9
C3—C4—C5	120.7 (4)	C15—C14—H14	119.9
C3—C4—H4	119.6	O4—C15—C14	124.1 (3)
C5—C4—H4	119.6	O4—C15—C10	116.8 (3)
O1—C5—C4	124.0 (3)	C14—C15—C10	119.2 (3)
O1—C5—C6	115.4 (3)	O1—C16—H16A	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.6 (4)	O1—C16—H16B	109.5
C1—C6—C5	117.7 (3)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C1—C6—C7	117.8 (3)	O1—C16—H16C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	124.5 (3)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
N1—C7—C6	120.2 (3)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
N1—C7—S	112.9 (2)	O4—C17—H17A	109.5
C6—C7—S	126.9 (2)	O4—C17—H17B	109.5
O2—C8—N2	118.9 (3)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
O2—C8—S	127.5 (3)	O4—C17—H17C	109.5
N2—C8—S	113.6 (3)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
O3—C9—O2	116.4 (3)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
O3—C9—C10	122.2 (3)	C7—N1—N2	115.0 (3)
O2—C9—C10	121.3 (2)	C8—N2—N1	112.0 (3)
C11—C10—C15	117.5 (3)	C5—O1—C16	117.3 (3)
C11—C10—C9	116.3 (3)	C8—O2—C9	129.7 (3)
C15—C10—C9	126.2 (3)	C15—O4—C17	118.0 (3)

## supplementary materials

C12—C11—C10	122.6 (3)	C7—S—C8	86.50 (16)
C12—C11—H11	118.7		
C6—C1—C2—C3	3.4 (7)	C13—C14—C15—O4	179.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-3.2 (8)	C13—C14—C15—C10	0.9 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.9 (7)	C11—C10—C15—O4	179.8 (3)
C3—C4—C5—O1	-178.6 (4)	C9—C10—C15—O4	-0.4 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.8 (6)	C11—C10—C15—C14	-1.6 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-2.3 (5)	C9—C10—C15—C14	178.2 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C7	177.3 (3)	C6—C7—N1—N2	-179.3 (3)
O1—C5—C6—C1	179.0 (3)	S—C7—N1—N2	-0.5 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.0 (5)	O2—C8—N2—N1	-177.8 (3)
O1—C5—C6—C7	-0.5 (5)	S—C8—N2—N1	-0.1 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-178.4 (3)	C7—N1—N2—C8	0.4 (5)
C1—C6—C7—N1	2.8 (5)	C4—C5—O1—C16	-7.5 (5)
C5—C6—C7—N1	-177.7 (3)	C6—C5—O1—C16	174.6 (3)
C1—C6—C7—S	-175.8 (3)	N2—C8—O2—C9	179.1 (3)
C5—C6—C7—S	3.7 (5)	S—C8—O2—C9	1.8 (5)
O3—C9—C10—C11	2.2 (5)	O3—C9—O2—C8	-3.4 (5)
O2—C9—C10—C11	179.9 (3)	C10—C9—O2—C8	178.8 (3)
O3—C9—C10—C15	-177.7 (3)	C14—C15—O4—C17	4.1 (5)
O2—C9—C10—C15	0.1 (5)	C10—C15—O4—C17	-177.4 (3)
C15—C10—C11—C12	0.9 (5)	N1—C7—S—C8	0.4 (3)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-179.0 (3)	C6—C7—S—C8	179.1 (3)
C10—C11—C12—C13	0.7 (6)	O2—C8—S—C7	177.3 (4)
C11—C12—C13—C14	-1.4 (6)	N2—C8—S—C7	-0.2 (3)
C12—C13—C14—C15	0.7 (6)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O1W—H1W...N2 <sup>i</sup>	1.05 (9)	1.81 (9)	2.821 (4)	159 (7)
C11—H11...O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.50	3.324 (4)	148

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y, z-1$ ; (ii)  $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+3$ .



Fig. 1

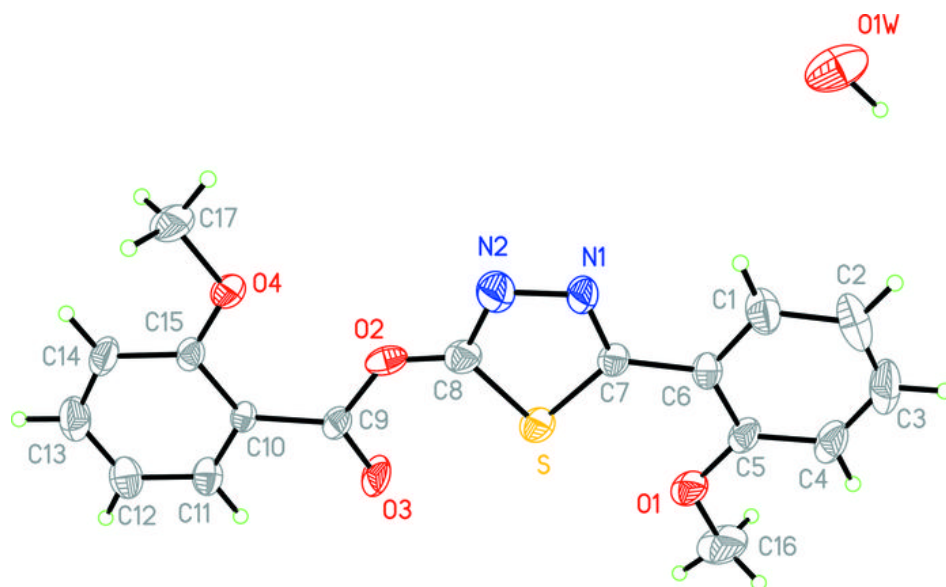


Fig. 2

